General Knowledge Quiz Questions with Answers

No. Question Answer

01 The first Prime minister of Bangladesh was Mujibur Rehman

02 The longest river in the world is the Nile

03 The longest highway in the world is the Trans- Canada

04 The longest highway in the world has a length of About 8000 km

05 The highest mountain in the world is the Everest

06 The country that accounts for nearly one third of the total teak production of the world is Myanmar

07 The biggest desert in the world is the Sahara desert

08 The largest coffee growing country in the world is Brazil

09 The country also known as "country of Copper" is Zambia

10 The name given to the border which separates Pakistan and Afghanistan is Durand line

11 The river Volga flows out into the Capsian sea

12 The coldest place on the earth is Verkoyansk in Siberia

13 The country which ranks second in terms of land area is Canada

14 The largest Island in the Mediterranean sea is Sicily

15 The river Jordan flows out into the Dead sea

16 The biggest delta in the world is the Sunderbans

17 The capital city that stands on the river Danube is Belgrade

18 The Japanese call their country as Nippon

19 The length of the English channel is 564 kilometres

20 The world's oldest known city is Damascus

21 The city which is also known as the City of Canals is Venice

22 The country in which river Wangchu flows is Myanmar

23 The biggest island of the world is Greenland

24 The city which is the biggest centre for manufacture of automobiles in the world is Detroit, USA

25 The country which is the largest producer of manganese in the world is USA

26 The country which is the largest producer of rubber in the world is Malaysia

27 The country which is the largest producer of tin in the world is Malaysia

28 The river which carries maximum quantity of water into the sea is the Mississippi

29 The city which was once called the `Forbidden City' was Peking

30 The country called the Land of Rising Sun is Japan

31 Mount Everest was named after Sir George Everest

32 The volcano Vesuvius is located in Italy

33 The country known as the Sugar Bowl of the world is Cuba

34 The length of the Suez Canal is 162.5 kilometers

35 The lowest point on earth is The coastal area of Dead sea

36 The Gurkhas are the original inhabitants of Nepal

37 The largest ocean of the world is the Pacific ocean

38 The largest bell in the world is the Tsar Kolkol at Kremlin, Moscow

39 The biggest stadium in the world is the Strahov Stadium, Prague

40 The world's largest diamond producing country is South Africa

41 Australia was discovered by James Cook

42 The first Governor General of Pakistan is Mohammed Ali Jinnah

43 Dublin is situated at the mouth of river Liffey

44 The earlier name of New York city was New Amsterdam

45 The Eifel tower was built by Alexander Eiffel

46 The Red Cross was founded by Jean Henri Durant

47 The country which has the greatest population density is Monaco

48 The national flower of Britain is Rose

49 Niagara Falls was discovered by Louis Hennepin

50 The national flower of Italy is Lily

51 The national flower of China is Narcissus

52 The permanent secretariat of the SAARC is located at Kathmandu

53 The gateway to the Gulf of Iran is Strait of Hormuz

54 The first Industrial Revolution took place in England

55 World Environment Day is observed on 5th June

56 The first Republican President of America was Abraham Lincoln

57 The country famous for Samba dance is Brazil

58 The name of Alexander's horse was Beucephalus

59 Singapore was founded by Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles

60 The famous British one-eyed Admiral was Nelson

61 The earlier name of Sri Lanka was Ceylon

62 The UNO was formed in the year 1945

63 UNO stands for United Nations Organization

64 The independence day of South Korea is celebrated on 15th August

65 `Last Judgement' was the first painting of an Italian painter named Michelangelo

66 Paradise Regained was written by John Milton

67 The first President of Egypt was Mohammed Nequib

68 The first man to reach North Pole was Rear Peary

69 The most famous painting of Pablo Picasso was Guermica

70 The primary producer of newsprint in the world is Canada

71 The first explorer to reach the South Pole was Cap. Ronald Amundson

72 The person who is called the father of modern Italy is G.Garibaldi

73 World literacy day is celebrated on 8th September

74 The founder of modern Germany is Bismarck

75 The country known as the land of the midnight sun is Norway

76 The place known as the Roof of the world is Tibet

77 The founder of the Chinese Republic was San Yat Sen

78 The first Pakistani to receive the Nobel Prize was Abdul Salam

79 The first woman Prime Minister of Britain was Margaret Thatcher

80 The first Secretary General of the UNO was Trygve Lie

81 The sculptor of the statue of Liberty was Frederick Auguste Bartholdi

82 The port of Banku is situated in Azerbaijan

83 John F Kennedy was assassinated by Lee Harry Oswald

84 The largest river in France is Lore

85 The Queen of England who married her brother-in-law was Catherine of Aragon

86 The first negro to be awarded the Nobel Peace Prize was Ralph Johnson Bunche

87 The first British University to admit women for degree courses was London University

88 The principal export of Jamaica is Sugar

89 New York is popularly known as the city of Skyscrapers

90 Madagascar is popularly known as the Island of Cloves

91 The country known as the Land of White Elephant is Thailand

92 The country known as the Land of Morning Calm is Korea

93 The country known as the Land of Thunderbolts is Bhutan

94 The highest waterfalls in the world is the Salto Angel Falls, Venezuela

95 The largest library in the world is the United States Library of Congress, Washington DC

G. K. Up to Date

Time to update your GK folks.

1. Which of the following countries is a land locked country in south America?

a. Ecuador

b. Peru

c. Uruguay

d. Bolivia

Ans : d

2. Canary Islands belongs to

a. Norway

b. Spain

c. New Zealand

d. Portugal

Ans : b

3. Titan is the largest natural satellite of planet

a. Mercury

b. Venus

c. Saturn

d. Neptune

Ans : c

4. Which of the following planets rotates clock wise?

a. Pluto

b. Jupiter

c. Venus

d. Mercury

Ans : c

5. A difference of 1 degree in longitude at the Equator is equivalent to nearly

a. 101 km

b. 111 km

c. 121 km

d. 125 km

Ans : b

6. The earliest known Indian script is

a. Mori

b. Devanagari

c. Brahmi

d. Kharosti

Ans : c

7. How many times the preamble was amended

a. once

b. twice

c. thrice

d. four times

Ans : a

8. The term socialist was added in the Preamble by the...amendment

a. 40th

b. 42nd

c. 44th

d. 49th

Ans : b

9. The state with the lowest population in India is

a. Goa

b. Tripura

c. Mizoram

d. Sikkim

Ans : d

10. Which person or organisation received the Nobel Prize three

times so far?

a. Medame Curie

b. Linus Pauling

c. Alexender Flemming

d. International Committee of the Redcross

Ans : d

11. The Finance Commission is appointed for every... year

a. 3

b. 4

c. 5

d. 6

Ans : c

12. Under which five year plan did agriculture show a negative growth?

a. 1st plan

b. 2nd plan

c. 3rd plan

d. 4th plan

Ans : c

13. Who is the founder of the Capital city of Agra?

a. Akbar

b. Babar

c. Sikinder Lodi

d. Mubarak Shah Sayyad

Ans: c

14. The first tide generated electricity project was established at

a. Vizhinjam, Kerala

b. Mangalore, Karnataka

c. Paradeep, Orissa

d. Vishakapattanam

Ans : a

15. National Institute of Oceanography is located in :

a. Calcutta

b. Chennai

c. Mangalore

d. Panaji

Ans : d

16. The 2004 Olympics were held in :

a. Bangkok

b. Rome

c. Athens

d. Nagasaki

Ans : c

17. Who headed the committee appointed on Kargil War ?

a. Gen. V. P. Malik

b. Gen. S. K. Sinha

c. K. Subramanyam

d. K. C. Panth

Ans : c

18. The C. K. Nayudu Trophy is related to the sport of

a. cricket

b. Hockey

c. Football

d. Chess

Ans : a

19. New York is situated on the river

a. Hudson

b. Thames

c. Danube

d. Tigris

Ans : a

20. "The Woman of the Millennium" selected by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) is

a. Margaret Thacher

b. Hillary Clinton

c. Chandrika Kumaratunga

d. Indira Gandhi

Ans : d

21. The General Assembly of United Nations meets

a. Once a year

b. twice a year

c. thrice a year

d. Once in five years

Ans : a

22. The "Common Wealth Games 2002" will be held in

a. Toranto

b. Manchester

c. Tokyo

d. Canberra

Ans : b

23. All India Radio commenced operations in

a. 1926

b. 1936

c. 1945

d. 1947

Ans : b

24. The "Killer Instinct" is written by

a. Sulakshan Mohan

b. M.K.Santanam

c. O.P.Sabharwal

d. Subash Jain

Ans : c

25. The Secretary-General of UN is appointed by the

a. Security Council

b. Trusteeship Council

c. General Assembly

d. World Bank

Ans : c

26. Postal Voting is other wise called:

a. external voting

b. secret voting

c. plural voting

d. proxy voting

Ans : d

27. The Common Wealth of Independent states (CIS) consists of....republica?

a. 10

b. 11

c. 12

d. 13

Ans : c

28. Which of the following harbours is considered as the world's finest natural harbour?

a. Sydney harbour

b. Toronto harbour

c. New Jersy harbour

d. Singapore harbour

Ans : a

29. Who invented Radar?

a. Henrey Backquerel

b. Max Planck

c. Robert Watson Watt

d. Humphrey Davy

Ans : c

30. Sandal Wood trees are mostly found in...

a. Trophical Evergreen Forests

b. Tropical most Decidous

c. Alpine forests

d. Trophical Thorn Forests

Ans : d

31. The first country to legalise medically assisted suicide is

a. Switzerland

b. New Zealand

c. USA

d. Netherlands

Ans : d

31. India's newsprint industry is mainly located in

a. Indore

b. Dehradun

c. Nepanagar

d. Nagpur

Ans : c

32. The tomb of Babur is at

a. Kabul

b. Lahore

c. Multan

d. Larkhana

Ans : a

33. The joint session of the two houses is presided by

a. the speaker

b. the president

c. chairman of Rajyasabha

d. none of these

Ans : a

34. The Gandhara school of Art was influenced most by the

a. Greeks

b. Shakas

c. persians

d. Kushans

Ans : a

35. The Simon Commission was appointed in

a. 1927

b. 1928

c. 1929

d. 1930

Ans : c

36. Sikkim became a full fledged state of the Indian Union, in the year ?

a. 1972

b. 1973

c. 1974

d. 1975

Ans : d

37. Who is the founder of Mahabalipuram ?

a. Rajaraja Chola

b. Mahendra Varman

c. Narsimha Varman

d. Narsimha Chola

Ans : c

38. The 189th member of United Nations is

a. Palau

b. Tuvalu

c. Soloman Islands

d. Nauru

Ans : b

39. When was Burma separated from India

a. 1947

b. 1942

c. 1937

c. 1932

Ans : c

40. Which of the following country has more than 55,000 lakes?

a. Poland

b. Denmark

c. Finland

d. Norway

Ans : c